RICE ATHLETICS EMERGENCY CARD

This form will be carried to all games and will be on file in the coaches office

ATHLETES FULL NAME:							
DATE OF BIRTH:							
STREET AND MAILING ADDRESS:							
PARENT/GUARDIAN'S NAME:							
PARENTS' CELL PHONE:							
BEST ALTERNATE PHONE NUMBER:							
EMERGENCY CONTACT NAME:							
THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO THE ATHLETE:							
MEDICATIONS ALLERGIC TO:							
MEDICATIONS CURRENTLY TAKEN:							
CONTACT LENS? Yes or No School Insurance: yes or no							
Insurance Company/ Policy and I.D.#							
PARENTAL CONSENT							
If in the judgement of any representative of the school, the prior mentioned student should need immediate care and treatment as result of injury or illness, I do hereby request, authorize, and consent to such care and treatment as may be given said student by any physician, athletic trainer, nurse, or school representative, and I do hereby agree to indemnify and save harmless the school and any school representative from any claim by any person whomsoever on account of such care and treatment of said student. I agree that any bills as a result of this treatment are my responsibility.							
Parent / Guardian's Signature Date							

PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION -- MEDICAL HISTORY

Student's Name: (print)		Sex _		Age			20
Address					Phone		-
GradeSchool							
Personal Physician					Phone		
In case of emergency, contact:							
NameRelationship _			Phone	(H)	(W)		
plain "Yes" answers in the box below**. Circle questions you do	n't know	the ans	swers to.				
	Yes	No				Yes	No
Have you had a medical illness or injury since your last check			13.		tten unexpectedly short of breath with		
up or physical?				exercise? Do you have asthr	ma?		
Have you been hospitalized overnight in the past year? Have you ever had surgery?					onal allergies that require medical treatment?	H	П
Have you ever had prior testing for the heart ordered by a	片	H	14.		pecial protective or corrective equipment or	H	Н
physician?	므		- "		usually used for your activity or position	-	
Have you ever passed out during or after exercise?				(for example, knee	e brace, special neck roll, foot orthotics,		
Have you ever had chest pain during or after exercise?				retainer on your te			
Do you get tired more quickly than your friends do during exercise?			15.	Have you broken	d a sprain, strain, or swelling after injury? or fractured any bones or dislocated any		
Have you ever had racing of your heart or skipped heartbeats?		H		joints?	and a supplier of the supplier		
Have you had high blood pressure or high cholesterol? Have you ever been told you have a heart murmur?	H	H			y other problems with pain or swelling in , bones, or joints?		
Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or o		H			ropriate box and explain below:		
sudden unexpected death before age 50?				,,			
Has any family member been diagnosed with enlarged heart,				☐ Head	☐ Elbow ☐ Hip		
(dilated cardiomyopathy), hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, long				☐ Neck	Forearm Thigh		
QT syndrome or other ion channelpathy (Brugada syndrome,				Back	Wrist Knce	c	
etc), Marfan's syndrome, or abnormal heart rhythm? Have you had a severe viral infection (for example,				Chest	Hand Shin/Cal	.t	
myocarditis or mononucleosis) within the last month?	Ш			Shoulder Upper Arm			
Has a physician ever denied or restricted your participation in			16.		weigh more or less than you do now?		Г
activities for any heart problems?		_	17.	Do you feel stres		一百	Ē
Have you ever had a head injury or concussion?			18.	Have you ever be	een diagnosed with or treated for sickle cell		Ē
Have you ever been knocked out, become unconscious, or lost				trait or sickle cel			
your memory? If yes, how many times?			Females (anatonal pariod?		
When was your last concussion?			19. W	hen was your first me	ecent menstrual period?		
How severe was each one? (Explain below)					usually have from the start of one period to the	ne start	of
Have you ever had a seizure?				other?			
Do you have frequent or severe headaches?					e you had in the last year?		
Have you ever had numbness or tingling in your arms, hands,			W	hat was the longest ti	ime between periods in the last year?		
legs or feet? Have you ever had a stinger, burner, or pinched nerve?		_	Males O				
Are you missing any paired organs?	닏	닏		o you have two testi			
Are you under a doctor's care?	H	片			cular swelling or masses?	1.1	-
Are you currently taking any prescription or non-prescription	H	H			ECG) is not required. I have read and understa iac screening on the UIL Sudden Cardiac Arre		
(over-the-counter) medication or pills or using an inhaler?		_			ecking this box, I choose to obtain an ECG for		
Do you have any allergies (for example, to pollen, medicine,			stu	ident for additional c	cardiac screening. I understand it is the respons	sibility (of
food, or stinging insects)?					and pay for such ECG.		4
Have you ever been dizzy during or after exercise? Do you have any current skin problems (for example, itching,	片	H	EXPL	AIN 'YES' ANSWERS	IN THE BOX BELOW (attach another sheet if necessary)	essary):	- 1
rashes, acne, warts, fungus, or blisters)?							-1
1. Have you ever become ill from exercising in the heat? 2. Have you had any problems with your eyes or vision?	片	밁					
		ш			Note to the literature for the land		
It is understood that even though protective equipment is worn by at nor the school assumes any responsibility in case an accident occurs.							
If, in the judgment of any representative of the school, the above stucconsent to such care and treatment as may be given said student by	dent should	I need in	mmediate care	and treatment as a res	sult of any injury or sickness, I do hereby request, a	uthorize	and the
school and any school or hospital representative from any claim by an	any pnysi y person or	cian, au i accour	nt of such care	and treatment of said s	tudent.	narmic	is the
If, between this date and the beginning of participation, any illness or i injury.	njury shou	ld occur	that may lim	it this student's participa	ation, I agree to notify the school authorities of such	iliness o	r
I hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge, my answe subject the student in question to penalties determined by		above	questions a	re complete and cor	rect. Failure to provide truthful responses	could	
Bridge and Bringer and an artist of the state of the stat	ene OTL Parent/Gua	rdian Si	gnature:		Date:		
Any Yes answer to questions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 requires further med assistant, chiropractor, or nurse practitioner is required before an	dical evalu	ation v	thich may in	clude a physical exami	ination. Written clearance from a physician, phys THIS FORM MUST BE ON FILE PRIOR TO	sician	
PARTICIPATION IN ANY PRACTICE, SCRIMMAGE, PERFOR	MANCE (R CON	TEST BEFO	ORE, DURING OR AF	TER SCHOOL.		
This Medical History Form was reviewed by: Printed Name				Date	Signature		

CONCUSSION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

Name of Student	
Definition of Concussion - means a complex pathophysiological process impact to the head or body, which may: (A) include temporary or proloemotional symptoms or altered sleep patterns; and (B) involve loss of contract of the contract of	nged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or
emotional symptoms of affected sleep patterns, and (b) involve 1000 of 50	
Prevention – Teach and practice safe play & proper technique. – Follow the rules of play.	
- Make sure the required protective equipment is worn for	
 Protective equipment must fit properly and be inspected 	on a regular basis.
Signs and Symptoms of Concussion – The signs and symptoms of concusion be dazed or stunned, tinnitus (ringing in the ears), fatigue, slurred spesion, sensitive to light or noise, feel foggy or groggy, memory loss, or constitute to the concustor of the concustor	eech, nausea or vomiting, dizziness, loss of balance, blurry vi-
Oversight - Each district shall appoint and approve a Concussion Overs and an athletic trainer if one is employed by the school district. Other n chologist or a physician's assistant. The COT is charged with developing evidence.	nembers may include: Advanced Practice Nurse, neuropsy-
Treatment of Concussion - The student-athlete/cheerleader shall be rer sustained a concussion. Every student-athlete/cheerleader suspected of streturn to athletic or cheerleading participation. The treatment for concust as watching television, playing video games, sending text messages, use concussion have cleared and the student has received written clearance of the stretch of	sustaining a concussion shall be seen by a physician before they may ission is cognitive rest. Students should limit external stimulation such of computer, and bright lights. When all signs and symptoms of from a physician, the student-athlete/cheerleader may begin their
district's Return to Play protocol as determined by the Concussion Over	rsight learn.
Return to Play - According to the Texas Education Code, Section 38.15 A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competent not be permitted to practice or participate again following the force or in (1) the student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols be chosen by the student or the student 's parent or guardian or another permitted to the student or the student or the student or guardian or another permitted to the student of the student or the student or the student or the student or guardian or another permitted to the student of the student or the student or the student or guardian or another permitted to the student of the student or the student or the student or the student or guardian or another permitted to practice or competing the student of the student of the student or	ition (including per UIL rule, cheerleading) under Section 38.156 may mpact believed to have caused the concussion until: based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician
student; (2) the student has successfully completed each requirement of the return	rn-to-play protocol established under Section 38.153 necessary
for the student to return to play;	
(3) the treating physician has provided a written statement indicating the student to return to play; and	at, in the physician 's professional judgment, it is safe for the
(4) the student and the student 's parent or guardian or another person (A) have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirement	with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student: nts of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to
return to play; (B) have provided the treating physician 's written statement under Su return-to-play protocol under Subsection (c) and the person who has su	bdivision (3) to the person responsible for compliance with the apervisory responsibilities under Subsection (c); and
(C) have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:(i) has been informed concerning and consents to the student partic	cipating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-
play protocol; (ii) understands the risks associated with the student returning to pl	
return-to-play protocol; (iii) consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent wit 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-191), of the treating physician 's written statementions of the treating physician; and	th the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of a tunder Subdivision (3) and, if any, the return-to-play recommenda-
(iv) understands the immunity provisions under Section 38.159.	
Parent or Guardian Signature	Date

Date

Student Signature



ARREST (SCA) **AWARENESS** CARDIAC SUDDEN FORM

Sudden Cardiac Arrest The Basic Facts on

American Heart Association: Website Resources: www.heart.org Lead Author: Arnold Fenrich, MD and Benjamin Levine, MD

Advisory Committee

Additional Reviewers: UIL Medical

What is Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Occurs suddenly and often without
- circuit) causes the bottom chambers disrupts the pumping ability of the An electrical malfunction (shortof the heart (ventricles) to beat tachycardia or fibrillation) and dangerously fast (ventricular heart.
- The heart cannot pump blood to the brain, lungs and other organs of the
- The person loses consciousness passes out) and has no pulse.
- Death occurs within minutes if not treated immediately.

What causes Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

conditions present at birth of the Inherited (passed on from family) heart muscle:

ventricle; the most common cause of hypertrophy (thickening) of the left sudden cardiac arrest in athletes in Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy -

Arrhythmogenic Right Ventricular Cardiomyopathy - replacement of part of the right ventricle by fat and scar; the most common cause of sudden cardiac arrest in Italy. Marfan Syndrome - a disorder of the structure of blood vessels that makes associated with very long arms and them prone to rupture; often unusually flexible joints. inherited conditions present at birth of the electrical system:

the ion channels (electrical system) of Long QT Syndrome - abnormality in

Brugada Syndrome - other types of electrical abnormalities that are rare Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia and but run in families.

NonInherited (not passed on from the family, but still present at birth)

conditions:

Coronary Artery Abnormalities -

supply blood to the heart muscle. This abnormality of the blood vessels that is the second most common cause of sudden cardiac arrest in athletes in the U.S.

Aortic valve abnormalities - failure of the aortic valve (the valve between properly; usually causes a loud heart the heart and the aorta) to develop murmur. Non-compaction Cardiomyopathy a condition where the heart muscle does not develop normally.

an extra conducting fiber is present in Wolff-Parkinson-White Syndrome the heart's electrical system and can increase the risk of arrhythmias.

Conditions not present at birth but acquired later in life:

Commotio Cordis - concussion of the heart that can occur from being hit in the chest by a ball, puck, or fist.

inflammation of the heart, usually Myocarditis - infection or caused by a virus.

Recreational/Performance-Enhancing drug use. Idiopathic: Sometimes the underlying cause of the Sudden Cardiac Arrest is unknown, even after autopsy.

symptoms/warning signs of Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Fainting/blackouts (especially during exercise)
 - Dizziness
- Unusual fatigue/weakness
 - Chest pain
- Shortness of breath
- unusually fast or skipping beats) Palpitations (heart is beating Nausea/vomiting A
- Family history of sudden cardiac
 - arrest at age < 50

signs that occur while exercising may ANY of these symptoms and warning necessitate further evaluation from your physician before returning to practice or a game.

Sudden Gardiac Arrest? · · · What is the treatment for

Time is critical and an immediate response is vital.

- **CALL 911**
- Begin CPR
- Use an Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

What are ways to screen fo Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

recommends a pre-participation history and physical including 14 important The American Heart Association cardiac elements.

cardiac elements and is mandatory ncludes ALL 14 of these important The UIL *Pre-Participation Physica<u>l</u>* **Evaluation – Medical History form** annually.

Revised 2016

recommendations for screening What are the current young athletes?

Preparticipation Medical History form answering questions about symptoms The University Interscholastic League with the parents and student-athletes on a yearly basis. This process begins during exercise (such as chest pain, shortness of breath); and questions dizziness, fainting, palpitations or about family health history. requires use of the specific

because it is essential to identify those at information must be provided annually member died suddenly during physical It is important to know if any family activity or during a seizure. It is also important to know if anyone in the unexplained sudden death such as family under the age of 50 had an drowning or car accidents. This risk for sudden cardiac death.

the health history and no abnormalities athletic participation and again prior to there are no warning signs reported on examination of the heart, especially for murmurs and rhythm abnormalities. If evaluation or testing is recommended The University Interscholastic League Examination form prior to junior high requires the Preparticipation Physical exam includes measurement of blood participation. The required physical discovered on exam, no additional the 1st and 3rd years of high school pressure and a careful listening for cardiac issues/concerns.

available to screen for cardiac Are there additional options

include the possibility ($\sim 10\%$) of "false positives", which leads to unnecessary recommended by either the American American College of Cardiology (ACC). restriction from athletic participation. electrocardiogram (ECG) and/or an Limitations of additional screening stress for the student and parent or There is also a possibility of "false echocardiogram (Echo) is readily available to all athletes from their guardian as well as unnecessary mandatory, and is generally not Heart Association (AHA) or the negatives", since not all cardiac personal physicians, but is not conditions will be identified by Additional screening using an additional screening.

When should a student athlete'' ... see a heart specialist?

visualization of the heart structure, may monitor to enable a longer recording of order a treadmill exercise test and/or a the heart rhythm. None of the testing is pediatric cardiologist, is recommended. If a qualified examiner has concerns, a heart. An echocardiogram, which is an also be done. The specialist may also electrocardiogram (ECG), which is a graph of the electrical activity of the referral to a child heart specialist, a This specialist may perform a more ultrasound test to allow for direct thorough evaluation, including an invasive or uncomfortable.

prevented just through proper Can Sudden Cardiac Arrest be

history need to be performed on a yearly following a normal screening evaluation, history and a review of the family health should find many, but not all, conditions such as an infection of the heart muscle evaluation, most cases can be identified develop later in life. Others can develop Physical Evaluation – Medical History) A proper evaluation (Preparticipation athlete. This is because some diseases are difficult to uncover and may only that could cause sudden death in the from a virus. This is why a medical basis. With proper screening and and prevented.

Parent/Guardian Signature Why have an AED on site during

Parent/Guardian Name (Print)

ventricular fibrillation is immediate use

The only effective treatment for

sporting events

of an automated external defibrillator

(AED). An AED can restore the heart

Date

Student Signature

fibrillation caused by a blow to the chest

also life-saving for ventricular

over the heart (commotio cordis).

back into a normal rhythm. An AED is

Student Name (Print)

practice in Texas public high schools the school sponsored athletic event or team

following must be available:

Texas Senate Bill 7 requires that at any

reasonable proximity to the athletic An AED is in an unlocked location on school property within a field or gymnasium

Date

cheerleader sponsors are certified in teacher, nurses, band directors and All coaches, athletic trainers, PE cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of the AED. A

Each school has a developed safety procedure to respond to a medical emergency involving a cardiac

a call is made to activate 911 emergency system while the AED is being retrieved. minute walk from any location and that recommends the AED should be placed and ideally no more than a 1 to 1 1 /2 in a central location that is accessible The American Academy of Pediatrics

Student & Parent/Guardian Signatures

understand the above information. I certify that I have read and





University Interscholastic League

Parent and Student Agreement/Acknowledgement Form Anabolic Steroid Use and Random Steroid Testing

- Texas state law prohibits possessing, dispensing, delivering or administering a steroid in a manner not allowed by state law.
- Texas state law also provides that body building, muscle enhancement or the increase in muscle bulk or strength through the use of a steroid by a person who is in good health is not a valid medical purpose.
- Texas state law requires that only a licensed practitioner with prescriptive authority may prescribe a steroid for a person.
- Any violation of state law concerning steroids is a criminal offense punishable by confinement in jail or imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice.

STUDENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT

Relationship to student: ______

School Year (to be completed annually)

As a prerequisite to participation in UIL athletic activities, I agree that I will not use anabolic steroids as defined in the UIL Anabolic Steroid Testing Program Protocol. I have read this form and understand that I may be asked to submit to testing for the presence of anabolic steroids in my body, and I do hereby agree to submit to such testing and analysis by a certified laboratory. I further understand and agree that the results of the steroid testing may be provided to certain individuals in my high school as specified in the UIL Anabolic Steroid Testing Program Protocol which is available on the UIL website at www.uiltexas.org. I understand and agree that the results of steroid testing will be held confidential to the extent required by law. I understand that failure to provide accurate and truthful information could subject me to penalties as determined by UIL.

Student Name (Print): _____ Grade (9-12) _____

Student Signature: _____ Date: _____

PARENT/GUARDIAN CERTIFICATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
As a prerequisite to participation by my student in UIL athletic activities, I certify and acknowledge that I have read this form and understand that my student must refrain from anabolic steroid use and may be asked to submit to testing for the presence of anabolic steroids in his/her body. I do hereby agree to submit my child to such testing and analysis by a certified laboratory. I further understand and agree that the results of the steroid testing may be provided to certain individuals in my student's high school as specified in the UIL Anabolic Steroid Testing Program Protocol which is available on the UIL website at www.uiltexas.org. I understand and agree that the results of steroid testing will be held confidential to the extent required by law. I understand that failure to provide accurate and truthful information could subject my student to penalties as determined by UIL.
Name (Print):
Signature: Date:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RULES

Attention School Authorities: This form must be signed yearly by both the student and parent/guardian and be on file at your school before the student may participate in any practice session, scrimmage, or contest. A copy of the student's medical history and physical examination form signed by a physician or medical history form signed by a parent must also be on file at your school.								
Student's NameDate of Birth Current School								
Parent or Guardian's Permit								
I hereby give my consent for the above student to compete in University Interscholastic League approved sports, and travel with the coach or other representative of the school on any trips.								
Furthermore, as a condition of participation and for the purpose of ensuring compliance with University Interscholastic League (UIL) rules, I consent to the disclosure of personally identifiable information, including information that may be subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), regarding the above named student between and among the following: the high school or middle school where the student currently attends or has attended; any school the student transfers to; the relevant District Executive Committee and the UIL. I further understand that all information relevant to the student's UIL eligibility and compliance with other UIL rules may be discussed and considered in a public forum. I acknowledge that revocation of this consent must be in writing and delivered to the student's school and the UIL.								
It is understood that even though protective equipment is worn by the athlete whenever needed, the possibility of an accident still remains. Neither the University Interscholastic League nor the high school assumes any responsibility in case an accident occurs.								
have read and understand the University Interscholastic League rules on the reverse side of this form and agree that my son/laughter will abide by all of the University Interscholastic League rules.								
The undersigned agrees to be responsible for the safe return of all athletic equipment issued by the school to the above named tudent.								
If, in the judgement of any representatives of the school, the above student needs immediate care and treatment as a result of any injury or sickness, I do hereby request, authorize, and consent to such care and treatment as may be given to said student by any physician, licensed athletic trainer, nurse, hospital, or school representative; and I do hereby agree to indemnify and save harmless the school and any school representative from any claim by any person whomsoever on account of such care and treatment of said student,								
have been provided the UIL Parent Information Manual regarding health and safety issues including concussions and my esponsibilities as a parent/guardian. I understand that failure to provide accurate and truthful information on UIL forms could subject the student in question to penalties determined by the UIL.								
The UIL Parent Information Manual is located at www.uiltexas.org/files/athletics/manuals/parent-information-manual.pd								
Your signature below gives authorization that is necessary for the school district, its licensed athletic trainers, coaches, associated obysicians and student insurance personnel to share information concerning medical diagnosis and treatment for your student.								
To the Parent: Check any activity in which this student is allowed to participate.								
Baseball Softball Tennis								
Basketball Golf Swimming & Diving Track & Field								
☐ Cross Country ☐ Soccer ☐ Team Tennis ☐ Volleyball								
Wrestling Powelifting								
Date								
Signature of parent or guardianStreet address								
City State Zip								
Home PhoneBusiness Phone								

GENERAL INFORMATION

School coaches may not:

- Transport, register, or instruct students in grades 7-12 from their attendance zone in non-school baseball, basketball, football, soccer, softball, or volleyball camps (exception: See Section 1209 of the Constitution and Contest Rules).
- Give any instruction or schedule any practice for an individual or a team during the off-season except during the one in school day athleticperiod in baseball, basketball, football, soccer, softball, or volleyball
- Schools and school booster clubs may not provide funds, fees, or transportation for non-school activities.

GENERAL ELIGIBILITY RULES

According to UIL standards, students could be eligible to represent their school in interscholastic activities if they:

- are not 19 years of age or older on or before September 1 of the current scholastic year. (See Section 446 of the Constitution and Contest Rules for exception).
- · have not graduated from high school.
- are enrolled by the sixth class day of the current school year or have been in attendance for fifteen calendar days immediately preceding a varsity contest.
- are full-time students in the participant high school they wish to represent.
- initially enrolled in the ninth grade not more than four years ago.
- are meeting academic standards required by state law.
- live with their parents inside the school district attendance zone their first year of attendance. (Parent residence applies to varsity athletic eligibility only.) When the parents do not reside inside the district attendance zone the student could be eligible if: the student has been in continuous attendance for at least one calendar year and has not enrolled at another school; no inducement is given to the student to attend the school (for example: students or their parents must pay their room and board when they do not live with a relative; students driving back into the district should pay their own transportation costs); and it is not a violation of local school or TEA policies for the student to continue attending the school. Students placed by the Texas Youth Commission are covered under Custodial Residence (see Section 442 of the Constitution and Contest Rules).
- have observed all provisions of the Awards Rule.
- have not been recruited. (Does not apply to college recruiting as permitted by rule.)
- have not violated any provision of the summer camp rule. Incoming 10-12 grade students shall not attend a baseball, basketball, football, soccer, or volleyball camp in which a seventh through twelfth grade coach from their school district attendance zone, works with, instructs, transports or registers that student in the camp. Students who will be in grades 7, 8, and 9 may attend one baseball, one basketball, one football, one soccer, one softball, and one volleyball camp in which a coach from their school district attendance zone is employed, for no more than six consecutive days each summer in each type of sports camp. Baseball, Basketball, Football, Soccer,Softball, and Volleyball camps where school personnel work with their own students may be held in May, after the last day of school, June, July and August prior to the second Monday in August. If such camps are sponsored by school district personnel, they must be heldwithin the boundaries of the school district and the superintendent or his designee shall approve the schedule of fees.
- have observed all provisions of the Athletic Amateur Rule. Students may not accept money or other valuable consideration (tangible or intangible property or service including anything that is usable, wearable, salable or consumable) for participating in any athletic sport during any part of the year. Athletes shall not receive valuable consideration for allowing their names to be used for the promotion of any product, plan or service. Students who inadvertently violate the amateur rule by accepting valuable consideration may regain athletic eligibility by returning the valuable consideration. If individuals return the valuable consideration within 30 days after they are informed of the rule violation, they regain their athletic eligibility when they return it. If they fail to return it within 30 days, they remain ineligible for one year from when they acceptedit. During the period of time from when students receive valuable consideration until they return it, they are ineligible for varsity athletic competition in the sport in which the violation occurred. Minimum penalty for participating in a contest while ineligible is forfeiture of the contest.
- did not change schools for athletic purposes.

I understand that failure to provide accurate and truthful information on UIL forms could subject the student in question to penalties determined by the UIL.

I have read the regulations cited above and agree to follow the rules.

Date Signature of student